

# EMSAT English Mock Test (50 Questions)

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## Section A: Grammar (1 - 25)

1. She \_\_\_\_\_ to school every day.  
A) go  
B) goes  
C) going  
D) gone
2. They \_\_\_\_\_ finished their homework.  
A) has  
B) have  
C) had  
D) having
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ TV when he called me.  
A) watch  
B) watched  
C) was watching  
D) am watching
4. If I were rich, I \_\_\_\_\_ a car.  
A) buy  
B) will buy  
C) would buy  
D) bought
5. He is interested \_\_\_\_\_ science.  
A) on  
B) in  
C) at  
D) for
6. There \_\_\_\_\_ many students in the class.  
A) is  
B) are  
C) was  
D) be
7. She doesn't like coffee, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A) does she  
B) doesn't she

- C) is she
- D) did she

8. The book \_\_\_\_ by Shakespeare.

- A) wrote
- B) was written
- C) is writing
- D) writes

9. He is good \_\_\_\_ playing football.

- A) at
- B) in
- C) on
- D) for

10. I have lived here \_\_\_\_ 2010.

- A) for
- B) since
- C) from
- D) by

11. She \_\_\_\_ already left when I arrived.

- A) has
- B) had
- C) have
- D) having

12. Choose correct sentence:

- A) He don't like it.
- B) He doesn't likes it.
- C) He doesn't like it.
- D) He not like it.

13. They \_\_\_\_ dinner now.

- A) eat
- B) are eating
- C) ate
- D) eats

14. The room \_\_\_\_ cleaned yesterday.

- A) is
- B) was
- C) were
- D) be

15. I look forward \_\_\_\_ you.

- A) to see
- B) seeing
- C) to seeing
- D) saw

16. She is taller \_\_\_\_ her brother.

- A) then
- B) than
- C) that
- D) as

17. He said he \_\_\_\_ coming.

- A) is
- B) was
- C) were
- D) be

18. The train \_\_\_\_ at 6 PM.

- A) leave
- B) leaves
- C) leaving
- D) left

19. Neither Ali nor Ahmed \_\_\_\_ present.

- A) are
- B) is
- C) were
- D) be

20. She speaks English very \_\_\_\_.

- A) good
- B) well
- C) better
- D) best

21. I have never \_\_\_\_ that movie.

- A) see
- B) saw
- C) seen
- D) seeing

22. The children \_\_\_\_ playing outside.

- A) is
- B) are
- C) was
- D) be

23. This is the \_\_\_\_ book I have read.

- A) good
- B) better
- C) best
- D) well

24. He apologized \_\_\_\_ being late.

- A) for

- B) to
- C) at
- D) in

25. She \_\_\_\_\_ her keys yesterday.

- A) lose
  - B) lost
  - C) losing
  - D) loses
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## Section B: Vocabulary (26 – 35)

26. “Abundant” means:

- A) rare
- B) plenty
- C) small
- D) empty

27. “Rapid” means:

- A) slow
- B) quick
- C) weak
- D) late

28. Opposite of “increase”:

- A) grow
- B) reduce
- C) expand
- D) improve

29. “Brilliant” means:

- A) smart
- B) dull
- C) dark
- D) weak

30. “Temporary” means:

- A) permanent
- B) short-term
- C) fixed
- D) strong

31. “Essential” means:

- A) useless
- B) necessary
- C) optional
- D) extra

**32.** “Decline” means:

- A) increase
- B) refuse or decrease
- C) build
- D) grow

**33.** “Ancient” means:

- A) modern
- B) very old
- C) new
- D) recent

**34.** “Generous” means:

- A) selfish
- B) kind and giving
- C) rude
- D) angry

**35.** “Fragile” means:

- A) strong
- B) delicate
- C) heavy
- D) thick

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## Section C: Reading Comprehension (36 – 50)

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### Passage 1

Many cities are facing air pollution problems due to increasing traffic and industrial activities. Governments are encouraging people to use public transport and switch to electric vehicles. Experts believe that reducing pollution will improve public health and reduce climate change effects.

**36.** Main idea of passage:

- A) Traffic is good
- B) Air pollution is a serious issue
- C) Cars should increase
- D) Industry is not harmful

**37.** Cause of pollution:

- A) Gardening
- B) Traffic and industry

- C) Schools
- D) Tourism

**38.** Governments encourage:

- A) More cars
- B) Public transport
- C) Pollution
- D) Noise

**39.** Experts believe pollution reduction improves:

- A) Health
- B) Games
- C) Buildings
- D) Sports

**40.** Electric vehicles help reduce:

- A) Books
- B) Pollution
- C) Water
- D) Exams

**41.** Tone of passage:

- A) Informative
- B) Funny
- C) Emotional story
- D) Fiction

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## Passage 2

Online learning has become very popular in recent years. It allows students to learn from anywhere and at any time. However, some students find it difficult to stay focused without a classroom environment. Still, many schools now combine online and traditional learning methods.

**42.** Online learning is:

- A) outdated
- B) popular
- C) banned
- D) rare

**43.** Advantage of online learning:

- A) Fixed location
- B) Learn anywhere
- C) No internet needed
- D) No teachers

- 44. Disadvantage:**  
A) Easy focus  
B) Hard to focus  
C) No devices  
D) No subjects
- 45. Schools now use:**  
A) only books  
B) only online learning  
C) mixed methods  
D) no teaching
- 46. “Combine” means:**  
A) separate  
B) join together  
C) remove  
D) break
- 47. Online learning requires:**  
A) chalk only  
B) internet  
C) paper only  
D) no tools
- 48. Best title:**  
A) School punishment  
B) Digital education  
C) Sports in schools  
D) Cooking methods
- 49. Students learn:**  
A) only in school  
B) anywhere  
C) only at night  
D) only in libraries
- 50. Passage suggests online learning is:**  
A) useless  
B) completely bad  
C) widely used  
D) outdated
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## Answer Key

1. B
2. B
3. C

4. C
5. B
6. B
7. A
8. B
9. A
10. B
11. B
12. C
13. B
14. B
15. C
16. B
17. B
18. B
19. B
20. B
21. C
22. B
23. C
24. A
25. B
26. B
27. B
28. B
29. A
30. B
31. B
32. B
33. B
34. B
35. B
36. B
37. B
38. B
39. A
40. B
41. A
42. B
43. B
44. B
45. C
46. B
47. B
48. B
49. B
50. C